

DESTINATION BRAND 19: First results from China

March 2020

Expanding
horizons

DESTINATION BRAND 19: First results from China

In the frame of DESTINATION BRAND 19, the Institute for Management and Tourism (IMT) of the FH Westküste and the inspektour (international) GmbH measured the **customer-oriented perceptions of international tourist destinations** (countries, regions and cities) **for the first time in China**. Based on a sample drawn from the IPSOS Access Panel, 1,005 Chinese with affinity to travel abroad were queried online in autumn 2019. This document contains first selected results of this latest DESTINATION BRAND 19 survey.

Copyright notice:

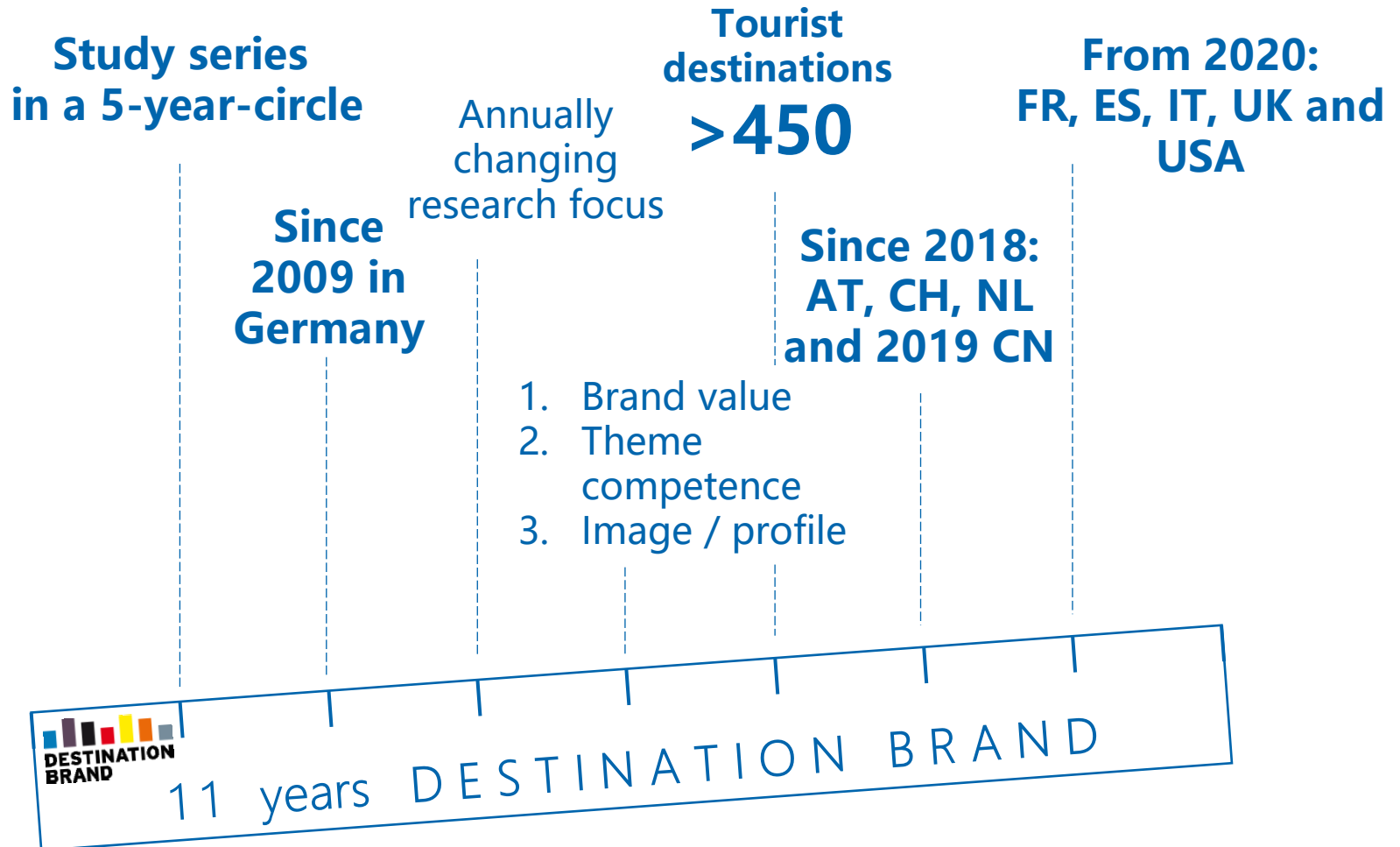
The results of the DESTINATION BRAND 19 study are published by the Institute for Management and Tourism (IMT) of the FH Westküste and inspektour (international) GmbH. The IMT of the FH Westküste and Inspektour (international) GmbH hold the copyrights. All aspects relating to data protection are taken into account.

However, publication of data included in this report is allowed by stating the source of the study, as follows: "IMT of the FH Westküste / inspektour (international) GmbH".

Outline

- DESTINATION BRAND 19: Key facts methods
- DESTINATION BRAND 19: First results from China
 - Brand awareness of foreign tourist destinations
 - Bucket list next holiday trip
 - Spontaneous associations with selected foreign tourist destinations
 - General interest in holiday activities
 - Important aspects for selection of tourist destination
- Conclusion

DESTINATION BRAND at a glance



DESTINATION BRAND 19 | Key facts methods survey in China



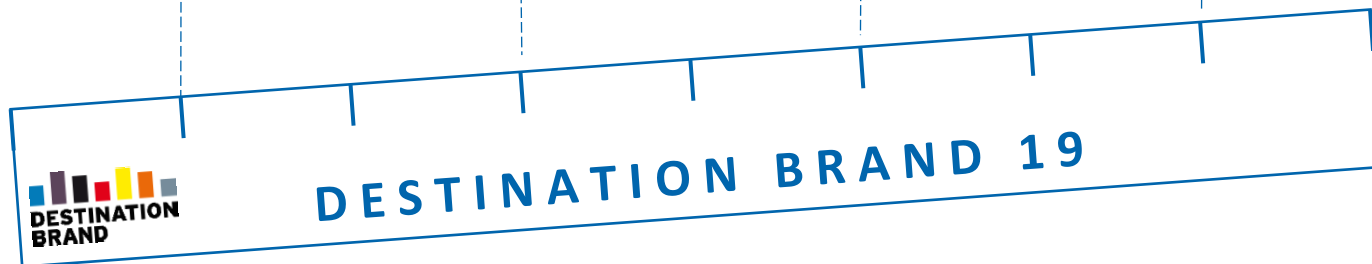
Research focus:
Perception of
European destinations

Field work:
Nov. / Dec. 19



Online-survey
via Ipsos Access
Panel

Language:
mandarinese

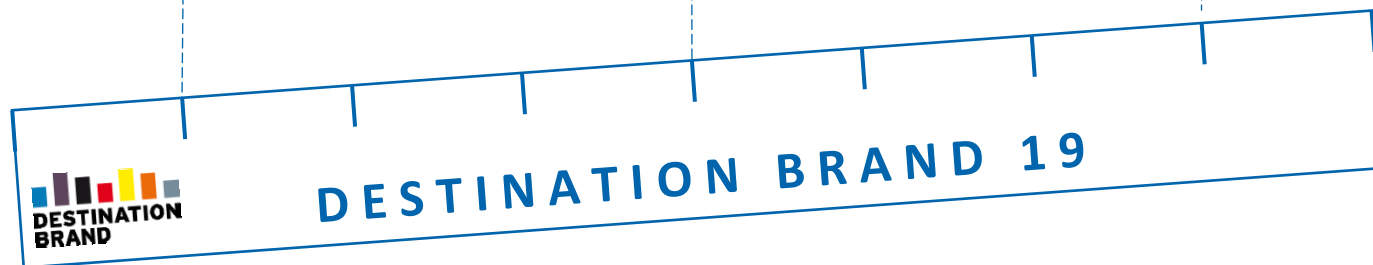


DESTINATION BRAND 19 | Key facts methods survey in China

Sample: Representative of the Ipsos panel members in China, i. e. urban Chinese population (tier 1 to 3 cities* without Hongkong and Macau) aged 14-59 (**quota sample** according to age, gender and regional origin)

Sample characteristics: high educational level, net household income and share of employees with managerial function and: high affinity to travel abroad**

Sample size: Respondents with affinity to travel abroad*** (n = 1,005)



*Chinese cities are classified into different tiers based on their population, economic size and political ranking: Tier 1: big cities (e.g. Beijing, Shanghai), Tier 2: capital city of province, Tier 3: prefecture level city under province

**Definition of affinity to travel abroad: Condition 1: have travelled abroad in the last 3 years (with at least 1 overnight stay) and / or

Condition 2: hold a valid passport (or have applied for it or plan to apply for it within the next 3 years) and are willing to travel abroad within the next 3 years (with at least 1 overnight stay)

*** All results on the following slides refer to respondents with affinity to travel abroad according to the definition above

DESTINATION BRAND 19: First results from China



Brand awareness

(unsupported)

When considering
a holiday for a stay of at least one night,
which foreign tourist destinations spring to
your mind?

Brand awareness (unsupported) – *Top 20 foreign tourist destinations*

Brand awareness (unsupported) of foreign tourist destinations

1	Japan	45.2%	11	Germany	7.6%
2	Thailand	29.6%	11	Paris	7.6%
3	USA	21.0%	13	Italy	6.4%
4	South Korea	20.6%	14	Maldives	5.9%
5	Singapore	19.7%	15	Switzerland	5.5%
6	France	17.6%	16	Canada	4.8%
7	Australia	16.8%	16	Vietnam	4.8%
8	United Kingdom	11.0%	18	Tokyo	4.2%
9	New Zealand	8.3%	18	Hong Kong (special administrative region)	4.2%
10	Malaysia	7.7%	20	New York	3.9%

Source market: China | Number of respondents: 992 | Number of valid responses: 3,162 | Share values (in % of respondents)

Source: IMT of the FH Westküste / inspektour (international) GmbH, 2019

Brand awareness (unsupported) – *Top 20 foreign tourist destinations*

Brand awareness (unsupported) of foreign tourist destinations

1	Japan	45.2%	11	Germany	7.6%
2	Thailand	29.6%	11	Paris	
3	USA	21.0%	13	Italy	
4	South Korea	20.6%	14	Maldives	
5	Singapore	19.7%	15	Switzerland	
6	France	17.6%	16	Canada	
7	Australia	16.8%	16	Vietnam	4.8%
8	United Kingdom	11.0%	18	Tokyo	4.2%
9	New Zealand	8.3%	18	Hong Kong (special administrative region)	4.2%
10	Malaysia	7.7%	20	New York	3.9%

Average of 3.2 valid responses per respondent

Source market: China | Number of respondents: 992 | Number of valid responses: 3,162 | Share values (in % of respondents)

Source: IMT of the FH Westküste / inspektour (international) GmbH, 2019

When you think about a holiday trip of at least one night, which tourist destinations specifically in Germany will pop up into your mind?

Brand awareness (unsupported) – *Top 20 German tourist destinations*

Brand awareness (unsupported) of German tourist destinations

1	Berlin	64.4%	11	Black Forest	2.6%
2	Munich	50.0%	12	Bavaria	2.2%
3	Hamburg	24.0%	12	Leipzig	2.2%
4	Frankfurt	19.7%	14	Dresden	2.1%
5	Cologne	14.9%	15	Bonn	1.8%
6	Heidelberg	7.5%	16	Bremen	1.7%
6	Neuschwanstein	7.5%	17	Rügen	1.6%
8	Stuttgart	4.5%	18	Hannover	1.5%
9	Rhine	4.0%	19	Dortmund	1.3%
10	Nuremberg	3.2%	19	King Lake	1.3%

Source market: China | Number of respondents: 818 | Number of valid responses: 1,908 | Share values (in % of respondents)

Source: IMT of the FH Westküste / inspektour (international) GmbH, 2019

Brand awareness (unsupported) – Top 20 German tourist destinations

Brand awareness (unsupported) – Top 20 German tourist destinations			
1	Berlin		2.6%
2	Munich		2.2%
3	Hamburg		2.2%
4	Frankfurt	19.7%	1.1%
5	Cologne	14.9%	1.1%
6	Heidelberg	7.5%	1.1%
6	Neuschwanstein	7.5%	1.1%
8	Stuttgart	4.5%	1.1%
9	Rhine	4.0%	1.1%
10	Nuremberg	3.2%	1.1%
15	Bonn		1.1%
16	Bremen		1.1%
17	Rügen		1.1%
18	Hannover		1.1%
19	Dortmund		1.3%
19	King Lake		1.3%

Only 19% of respondents with invalid answers

Average of 2.3 valid responses per respondent

Source market: China | Number of respondents: 818 | Number of valid responses: 1,908 | Share values (in % of respondents)

Source: IMT of the FH Westküste / inspektour (international) GmbH, 2019

Bucket list

(unsupported)

For a holiday trip of at least one night, what are the foreign tourist destinations you would like to visit next?

Plans for next travel abroad – *Top 20 foreign tourist destinations*

Plans for next travel abroad (unsupported)

1	Japan	17.2%	11	Australia	6.4%
2	Paris	12.2%	12	New York	5.2%
3	Thailand	11.6%	12	United Kingdom	5.2%
4	Singapore	9.6%	14	Switzerland	4.5%
5	Tokyo	9.3%	15	London	4.0%
6	France	7.5%	16	Maldives	3.9%
7	Germany	7.3%	17	Munich	3.8%
8	Berlin	6.8%	18	Seoul	3.6%
9	USA	6.7%	19	Bangkok	3.5%
10	Korea	6.6%	20	Bali	3.3%

Source market: China | Number of respondents: 959 | Number of valid responses: 1,989 | Share values (in % of respondents)

Source: IMT of the FH Westküste / inspektour (international) GmbH, 2019

Plans for next travel abroad – Top 20 foreign tourist destinations

Plans for next travel abroad (unsupported)

1	Japan	17.2%	11	Australia	
2	Paris	12.2%	12	New York	
3	Thailand	11.6%	12	United Kingdom	
4	Singapore	9.6%	14	Switzerland	
5	Tokyo	9.3%	15	London	
6	France	7.5%	16	Maldives	3.9%
7	Germany	7.3%	17	Munich	3.8%
8	Berlin	6.8%	18	Seoul	3.6%
9	USA	6.7%	19	Bangkok	3.5%
10	Korea	6.6%	20	Bali	3.3%

Average of 2.1 valid responses per respondent

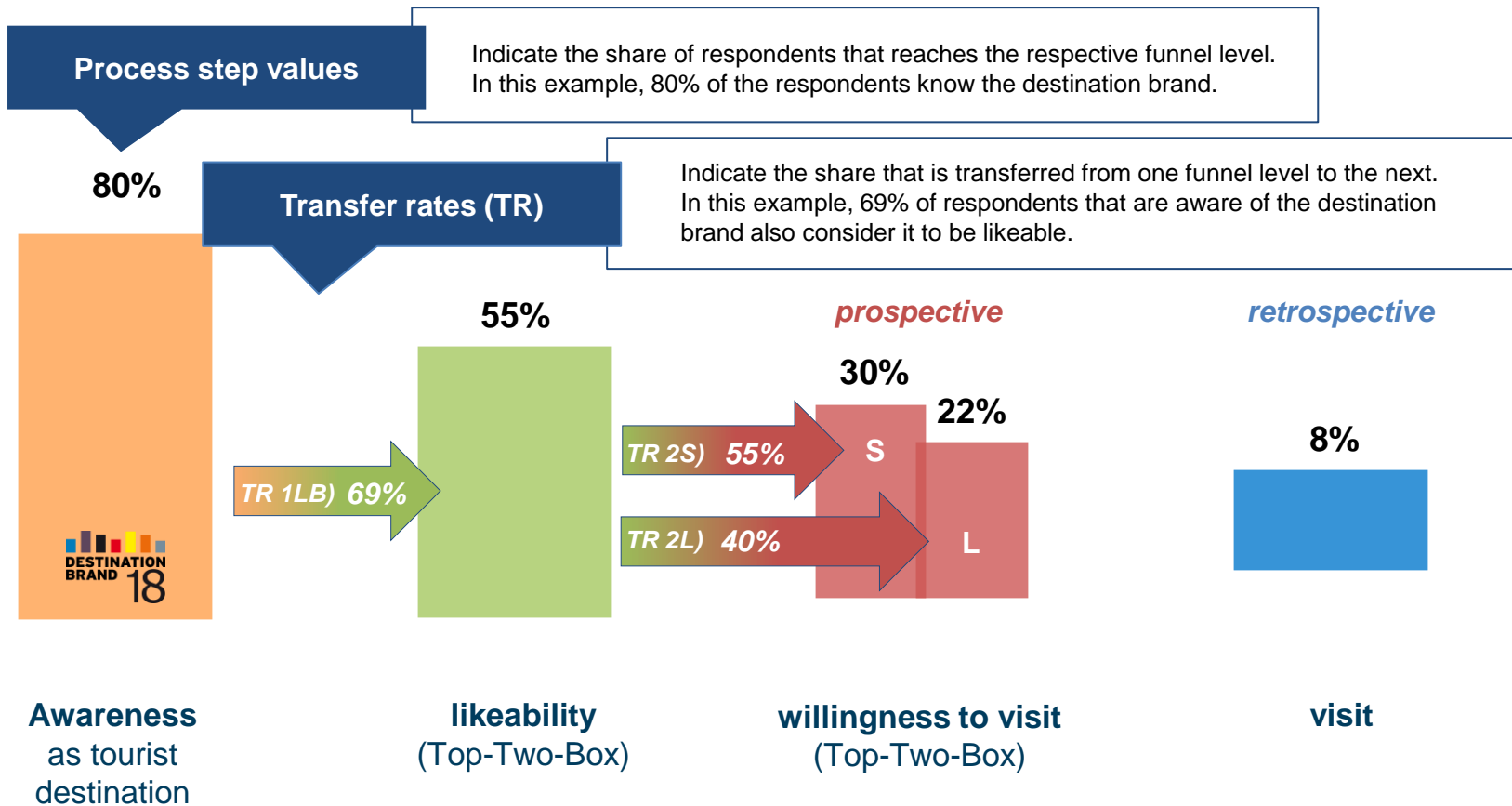
Source market: China | Number of respondents: 959 | Number of valid responses: 1,989 | Share values (in % of respondents)

Source: IMT of the FH Westküste / inspektour (international) GmbH, 2019

Brand funnel

(supported brand awareness, likeability, willingness
to visit)

Brand funnel – the model at a glance



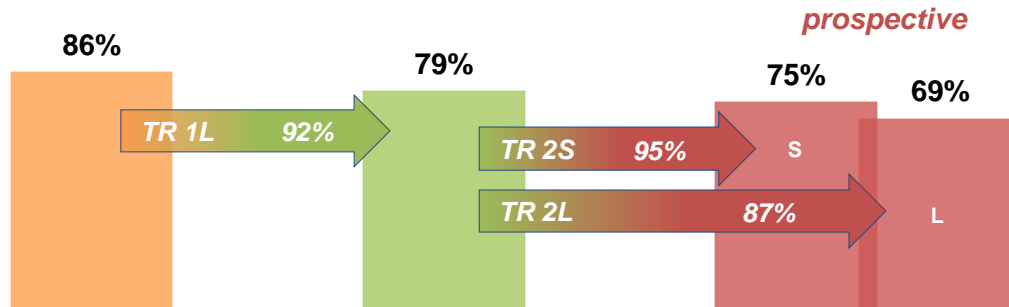
Source: Institut für Management und Tourismus (IMT), 2009

Brand funnel – Individual results for London, Paris and France

inspekt
TOURISM AND MARKETING

Keep in mind:
Different culturally
determined
response behaviour

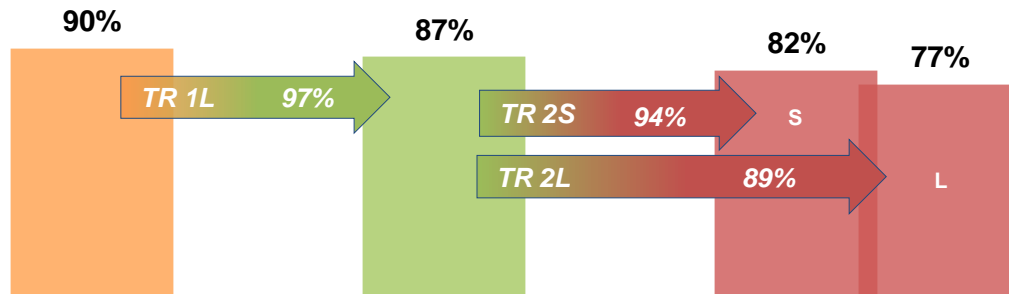
London



38%*

within the last 3 years
share: 23%
more than 3 years ago
share: 17%

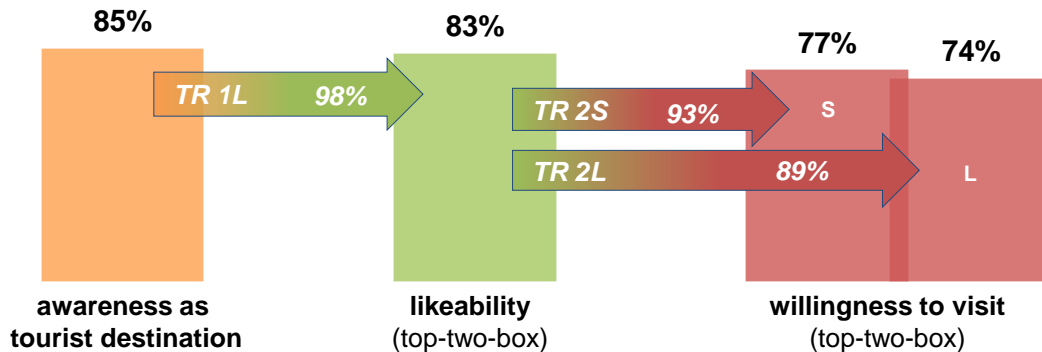
Paris



48%*

within the last 3 years
share: 30%
more than 3 years ago
share: 20%

France



45%*

within the last 3 years
share: 28%
more than 3 years ago
share: 19%

visit

Source market: China | Base: All respondents | Number of respondents: 1,005

Source: IMT of the FH Westküste / inspektour (international) GmbH, 2019

* Deviation from the sum of the individual values are possible due to multiple response options related to the previous holiday.

Spontaneous associations

Top 10 for Berlin, London and Paris

+

Top 10 for Paris and France

When thinking about the foreign tourist
destination _____,
what comes spontaneously into your mind?

Spontaneous associations – Top 10 for Berlin (Word Cloud)



Note: The illustration is based on the quantitative distribution of the top 10 association sub categories of Berlin in the source market China (base: all respondents), i.e. the larger the respective sub category is presented, the more frequently – but not linearly – it is associated with the destination Berlin.

Source: IMT of the FH Westküste / inspektour (international) GmbH, 2019

Spontaneous associations – Top 10 for Berlin, London and Paris

Top 10 sub categories of Berlin		Top 10 sub categories of London		Top 10 sub categories of Paris	
1 (Berlin) Wall / East Side Gallery / Checkpoint Charlie	25.0%	1 Big Ben / Elizabeth Tower	20.9%	1 Eiffel Tower	36.9%
2 (Berlin) Cathedral	11.2%	2 Buckingham Palace / Royal Palace	14.5%	2 romantic (feelings) / (being in) love / marriage proposal / honeymoon	28.0%
3 (German) capital	8.9%	3 British Museum	13.1%	3 Cathedral Notre Dame	22.8%
4 (German) Reichstag building	8.4%	4 (much) fog / rain / wet / (very) cold / (always) bad weather	11.0%	4 (international, top) fashion	19.2%
5 (long) history / historically interesting	7.1%	5 (London) Tower Bridge	10.9%	5 Louvre (Museum) / (the smile of) Mona Lisa	18.1%
6 Brandenburg Gate	7.0%	6 (river) Thames	10.9%	6 Arc of Triumph	14.8%
7 (economically) developed / (developed) industry / (world-class) economy	6.8%	7 (London) Eye	9.1%	7 (river) Seine	8.9%
8 (monument of the) 2nd World War	5.8%	8 (English) Gentleman / old school / polite / etiquette	5.9%	8 general positive assessment	7.3%
9 general positive assessment	5.8%	9 general positive assessment	5.7%	9 luxury (goods, cars, bags) / luxurious / elegant / noble / high quality	6.9%
10 Museum Island	5.3%	10 fashion / fashionable	4.8%	10 (French) perfume / cosmetics , e.g. Chanel, l'Oreal	6.8%

Source market: China | Number of respondents: 1,005 per destination | Share values (in % of respondents)

Spontaneous associations – Top 10 for Paris and France

Top 10 sub categories of Paris			Top 10 sub categories of France		
1	Eiffel Tower	36.9%	1	romantic (feelings) / (being in) love	33.2%
2	romantic (feelings) / (being in) love / marriage proposal / honeymoon	28.0%	2	Eiffel Tower	23.0%
3	Cathedral Notre Dame	22.8%	3	(capital) Paris / romantic city	22.3%
4	(international, top) fashion	19.2%	4	(French, country of) fashion	12.5%
5	Louvre (Museum) / (the smile of) Mona Lisa	18.1%	5	Cathedral Notre Dame	10.6%
6	Arc of Triumph	14.8%	6	Louvre (Museum) / (the smile of) Mona Lisa	10.3%
7	(river) Seine	8.9%	7	(French) perfume / cosmetics , e.g. Chanel, l'Oreal	9.1%
8	general positive assessment	7.3%	8	Arc of Triumph	9.0%
9	luxury (goods, cars, bags) / luxurious / elegant / noble / high quality	6.9%	9	(good, red, grape, French) wine / champagne	8.5%
10	(French) perfume / cosmetics , e.g. Chanel, l'Oreal	6.8%	10	general positive assessment	8.3%

Source market: China | Number of respondents: 1,005 per destination | Share values (in % of respondents)

Source: IMT of the FH Westküste / inspektour (international) GmbH, 2019

Spontaneous associations – Top 10 for Paris and France

Top 10 sub categories of Paris			Top 10 sub categories of France		
1	Eiffel Tower	36.9%	1	romantic (feelings) / (being in) love	33.2%
2	romantic (feelings) / (being in) love / marriage proposal / honeymoon	28.0%	2	Eiffel Tower	23.0%
3	Cathedral Notre Dame	22.8%	3	(capital) Paris / romantic city	22.3%
4	(international, top) fashion	19.2%	4	(French) Paris	12.5%
5	Louvre (Museum) / (the smile of) Mona Lisa	18.1%	5	Cathedral Notre Dame	10.6%
6	Arc of Triumph	14.8%	6	Louvre (Museum) / (the smile of) Mona Lisa	10.3%
7	(river) Seine	8.9%	7	(French) Paris e.g. Chanel, L'Oréal	9.1%
8	general positive assessment	7.3%	8	Arc of Triumph	9.0%
9	luxury (goods, cars, bags) / luxurious / elegant / noble / high quality	6.9%	9	(good, red, grape, French) wine / champagne	8.5%
10	(French) perfume / cosmetics , e.g. Chanel, L'Oréal	6.8%	10	general positive assessment	8.3%

With France Chinese respondents mainly associate Parisian attractions and Paris itself

Source market: China | Number of respondents: 1,005 per destination | Share values (in % of respondents)

Source: IMT of the FH Westküste / inspektour (international) GmbH, 2019

General interest in holiday activities

The following question is about your general interest in the holiday activities, i.e. they have nothing to do with any specific tourist destination.

How much are you interested in the following touristic holiday activities in your holiday with a stay of at least one night?

1 (= "not at all interested") to 5 (= "very interested")

General interest potential – *All considered holiday activities*


 Ranking of the considered holiday activities with regard to the general interest potential (Top-value = very interested; Mean = 24%)			
1	Enjoying culinary / gastronomic specialities	42%	11 Shopping 28%
2	Enjoying nature	40%	12 Visiting UNESCO world heritage sites 27%
3	Visiting castles, palaces and cathedrals	37%	13 Undertaking a sustainable holiday trip (nature preserving / environmentally friendly, economically and socially fair) 27%
4	Relaxing and resting	35%	14 Fine dining 25%
5	Experiencing local culture	34%	15 Using luxury offers 25%
6	Visiting amusement / theme parks	31%	16 Discovering lesser known destinations (away from mass tourism) 24%
7	Swimming and being at the beach	30%	17 Visiting cultural institutions / using cultural services 24%
8	Spending holidays in the countryside (e.g., on the farm or vineyard)	29%	18 Taking a city break 24%
9	Visiting gardens / parks	29%	19 Using family offers 24%
10	Experiencing lively places (e.g., trendy shopping districts, festivals, alternative cultural circles, night life)	28%	20 Immersing yourself in new adventures 23%

Source market: China | Base: All respondents | Number of respondents: 1,005 | Top-value on a scale from "5 = very interested" to "1 = not at all interested"

Source: IMT of the FH Westküste / inspektour (international) GmbH, 2019

► **Note:** Last survey taken into consideration in November / December 2019

General interest potential – *All considered holiday activities*



Ranking of the considered holiday activities with regard to the general interest potential

(Top-value = very interested, in %; Mean = 24%)

21	Using thalasso services (e.g., therapy with sea water, algae, sand)	23%	31	Visiting industrial heritage sites (e.g., factories, (coal) mines, museums of industrial heritage)	19%
22	Visiting film locations	22%	32	Cycling (not mountain biking)	18%
23	Attending events	22%	33	Being active and involved in sports	17%
24	Mountaineering (e.g., mountain and summit tours)	21%	34	Using study / educational offers	17%
25	Practising winter sports (e.g., cross-country skiing, downhill)	21%	35	Mountain biking	17%
26	Attending football matches / visiting stadiums as well as other attractions / events related to football	20%	36	Using health services (self-paying, not a prescribed visit to a health spa)	15%
27	Practising water sports (not sailing)	20%	37	Motorcycling	15%
28	Using wellness services	19%	38	Climbing fixed mountain routes (Via ferrata)	14%
29	Hiking	19%			
30	Meeting the indigenous (native) peoples	19%			

Source market: China | Base: All respondents | Number of respondents: 1,005 | Top-value on a scale from "5 = very interested" to "1 = not at all interested"

Source: IMT of the FH Westküste / inspektour (international) GmbH, 2019

► **Note:** Last survey taken into consideration in November / December 2019

Further results and trends

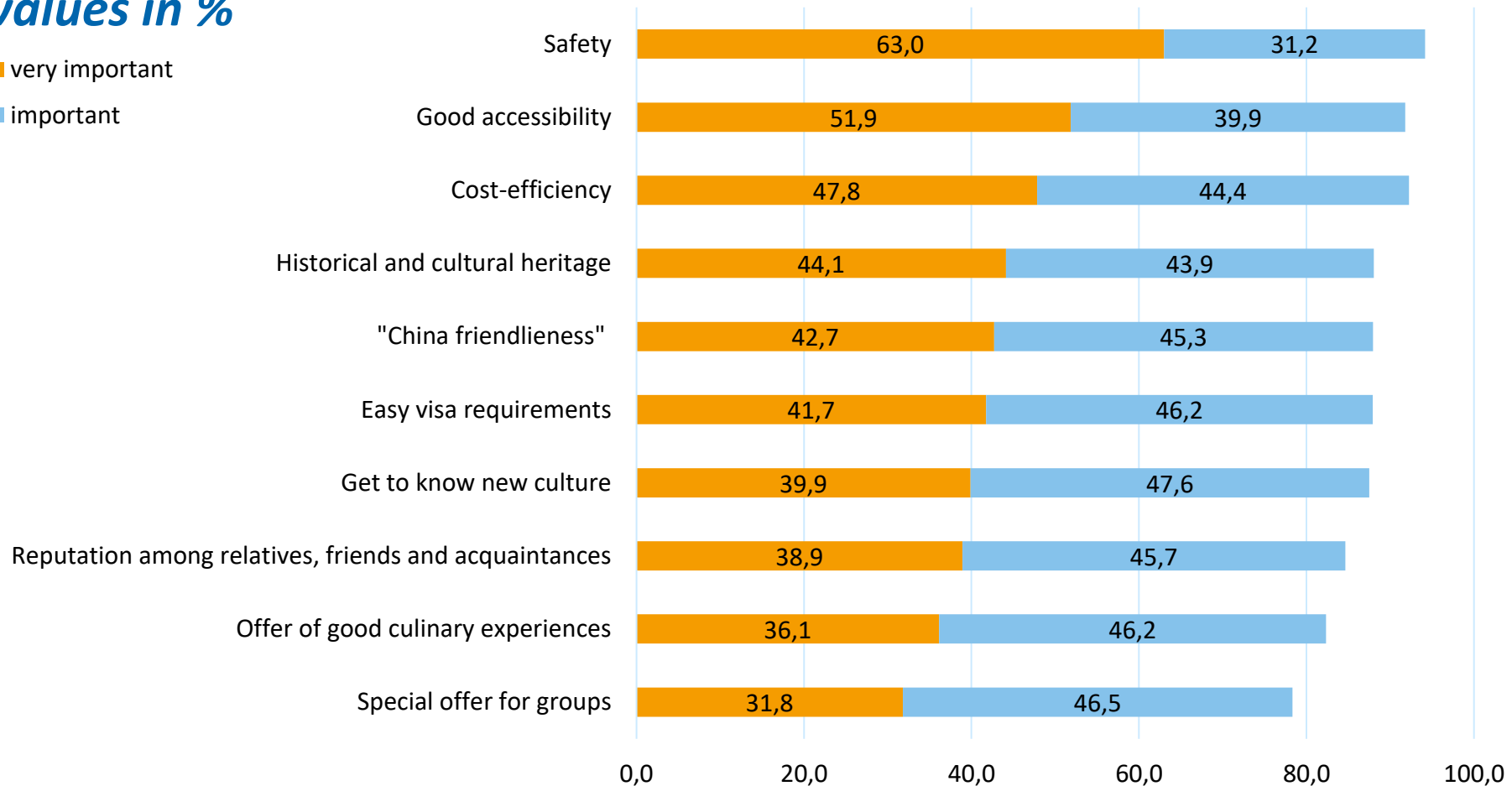
Important aspects for selection of tourist destination

Now, we want to know the importance of the following aspects for your selection of tourist destinations.

Please give a score of 1 (=“not important at all”) to 5 (=“very important”). If it’s an intermediate value, you can adjust the score.

Important aspects for selection of tourist destination – *Top 2 values in %*

■ very important
■ important



Source market: China | Base: All respondents | Number of respondents: 1,005 | Top-two-box and Top-values on a scale from "5 = very important" to "1 = not at all important"

Source: IMT of the FH Westküste / inspektour (international) GmbH, 2019

Putting it all in a nutshell

- **It`s not all about the destination “Europe”** - strong country, city and regional destination brands with individual images exist in the minds of the respondents.
- **On top of the bucket list are Asian destinations**, however France, Germany and Berlin are also among the Top 10 destinations to be visited next.
- **Culinary or nature experiences** are on the forerun, while interest in active holidays is small; shopping as a holiday interest is over-estimated.

Source: IMT of the FH Westküste / inspektour (international) GmbH, 2019

Contact persons for the study series Destination Brand



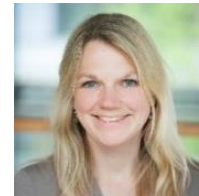
Contact person for Destination Brand study

Ellen Böhling, M.A.

CEO inspektour international GmbH

Tel.: +49 (0) 40. 414 3887 412

E-Mail: ellen.boehling@inspektour.de



Coordinator of international projects of the IMT

Anne Köchling, MTM

IMT of the FH Westküste

Tel.: +49 (0) 481. 85 55 556

E-Mail: koechling@fh-westkueste.de

Destination Brand team



CEO inspektour (international) GmbH

Ralf Trimborn

Dipl. Culture Management, Dipl. Economics (FH)

Tel.: +49 (0) 40. 414 3887 42

E-Mail: ralf.trimborn@inspektour.de



Market research / data analysis

Alexander Koch

M.A. International Tourism Management

Tel.: +49 (0) 40. 414 3887 46

E-Mail: alexander.koch@inspektour.de



Data analysis / data preparation

Simon Leimbrinck

M.Sc. Sports Tourism / Recreation Management

Tel.: +49 (0) 40. 414 3887 47

E-Mail: simon.leimbrinck@inspektour.de



Data analysis / data preparation

Dörte Waldmann

M.A. Geography and Tourism

Tel.: +49 (0) 40. 414 3887 417

E-Mail: doerte.waldmann@inspektour.de



Scientific advisory board

Prof. Dr. Bernd Eisenstein

Director IMT of the FH Westküste

Tel.: +49 (0) 481. 85 55 545

E-Mail: eisenstein@fh-westkueste.de

Overview of the considered destinations

	DE	AT	CH	NL	CN
1. Allgäu					
2. Austria					
3. Bavaria					
4. Bavarian Forest					
5. Bergisches Land					
6. Berlin					
7. Black Forest					
8. City of Cottbus					
9. Dresden					
10. Duisburg					
11. Düsseldorf					
12. East Frisian Islands					
13. Erzgebirge					
14. France					
15. Franconia - wine.beautiful.country					
16. Garmisch-Partenkirchen					
17. German Fairy Tale Route					
18. Germany					
19. Great Britain					
20. Havelland					
21. Ireland					
22. Island of Usedom					
23. Italy					
24. Karlsruhe					
25. Kassel					
26. Langeoog					
27. Latvia					
28. Leipzig					

	DE	AT	CH	NL	CN
29. London					
30. Lüneburg Heath					
31. Luxembourg					
32. Munich					
33. Münsterland					
34. Netherlands					
35. Norderney					
36. North Rhine-Westphalia					
37. Paris					
38. Rheingau					
39. Rhön					
40. Rothenburg ob der Tauber					
41. Saarland					
42. Salzburger Land					
43. Saxonian Elbland					
44. Saxony					
45. Saxony-Anhalt					
46. Schleswig-Holstein Wadden Sea National Park					
47. Spain					
48. Stuttgart					
49. Switzerland					
50. Upper Palatinate Forest					
51. Vorarlberg					
52. Weserbergland					
53. Western Pomerania					
54. Wilder Kaiser - Ellmau, Going, Scheffau, Söll					
55. Winterberg					

Note 1: The source markets are marked in green, if the respective destination was surveyed there in the course of the study Destination Brand 19.

Note 2: Last survey taken into consideration November / December 2019

Source: inspektour (international) GmbH / IMT of the FH Westküste, 2019















Brand value



Theme competence



Profile / Image

Aim		– Customer-oriented evaluation of the brand value of tourist destinations				– Customer-oriented evaluation of the theme competence of tourist destinations (≙ associations of the functional benefits of the destination brands)				– Customer-oriented evaluation of the profiles / images of tourist destinations (≙ associations of the emotional-symbolic benefits of the destination brands)				
Research focus		Four dimensional brand funnel analysis: <ul style="list-style-type: none">– Awareness (supported and unsupported)– Likeability– Willingness to visit: Potential of future short trips and longer holiday trips– Visits in the past <ul style="list-style-type: none">– DB15: Willingness to recommend– Target group- and competitor analysis				<ul style="list-style-type: none">– General interest in holiday activities and their relevance as a travel motive (both regardless of a specific destination)– Supported theme suitability per destination (for 5 general themes and 5 specific themes)– Theme suitability top of mind per destination– Target group- and competitor analysis				Module 1 (M1): <ul style="list-style-type: none">– General relevance of destination attributes and characteristics for the destination selection (regardless of a specific destination)– Supported evaluation of characteristics per destination (for 8 general attributes and 5 specific attributes)– Target group- and competitor analysis Module 2 (M2): <ul style="list-style-type: none">– Spontaneous associations per destination				
Survey design	For all sub-studies		<ul style="list-style-type: none">– Online survey in respective national language; quota sample (based on cross quota age/sex and regional origin).– Representative for the respective population aged 14-74 years living in private households (basis for projection of absolute volumes).– Comprehensive competitive comparison possibilities based on the relatively large destination pool.– Time comparison possibilities based on the consistent study design.											
	Specific per sub-study													
	– Source markets		DE	DE	DE	DE AT CH NL	DE	DE	DE	DE AT CH NL	DE	DE	DE	DE AT CH NL CN
	– Total number of respondents		8,900	15,000	17,000	12,000	10,500	16,000	17,000	12,000	10,000	11,000	17,000	8,000
	– Total number of destinations		141	160	172	76*	141	160	172	76*	M1: 104 M2: 22	M1: 115 M2: 21	M1: 170 M2: 170	55**
– Number of themes / characteristics		--	--	--	--	5 gen. + 25 specific	5 gen. + 50 specific	6 gen. + 57 specific	5 gen. + 28 specific	6 gen. + 50 specific	6 gen. + 56 specific	8 gen. + 59 specific	solely spontaneous associations	

* In the study DB18 some destinations were surveyed in two or more source markets; distribution among source markets: DE = 45 | AT = 22 | CH = 33 | NL = 33.

** In the study DB19 some destinations were surveyed in two or more source markets; distribution among source markets: DE = 45 | AT = 8 | CH = 12 | NL = 8 | CN = 10.